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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/571,605	03/10/2006	Miki Yoshinaga	0033-1065PUS1	9776
2292 7590 09/11/2008 BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH			EXAMINER	
PO BOX 747	OH 374 22040 0747	ADDISU, SARA		
FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3724	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/11/2008	ELECTRONIC

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

mailroom@bskb.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Comments	10/571,605	YOSHINAGA ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	SARA ADDISU	3724					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
	Jaroh 2006						
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>10 March 2006</u> .  This action is <b>FINAL</b> .  2b) This action is non-final.						
· <u> </u>	, <del></del>						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
·	=x parto Quayro, 1000 0. <b>D</b> . 11, 1	00 0.0. 210.					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are pending in the application.	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,4 and 5</u> is/are rejected.							
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2 and 3</u> is/are objected to.	7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2 and 3</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>10 March 2006</u> is/are: a)□ accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:							
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)  1) M Notice of References Cited (RTO 902)							
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)							
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>3/10/06 and 9/25/06</u> . 6) Other:							

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

# **Drawings**

The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the "intersection of said first conical surface and said swarf release face having a rounded face" (as claimed in claim 2) must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

# Claim Objections

Claim 2 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 2 recites "...wherein the intersection of said first conical surface and said swarf release face has a rounded face". Further review of the Drawings (figure 1C) and Specification (page 7, lines 27-28) recites "a rounded face 7 is formed at an intersection of rake face 3 and swarf release face". Therefore, Examnier believes the claim should read "..wherein the intersection of said <u>rake face</u> and said swarf release face has a rounded face"

Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fuse et al. (JP 10-43903A).

Fuse et al. teaches a diamond cutting tool provided with a mono crystalline diamond tip having a cutting edge ridge in a rounded shape at a front end, wherein a portion of said cutting edge ridge serving at least as a cutting edge (2) is formed to have constant roundness by intersecting a first conical surface as a rake face (3) with a second conical surface as a flank (5), said cutting edge ridge is rounded with a radius,

said first conical surface has a width (w) and a sward release face (4) ('903, figure a & b). Fuse et al. also teaches a rake angle ( $\alpha$ ) of -20 – 20 degrees (which reads on the claim limitation of negative rake angle of 15-50 degrees claimed in claim 4). Furthermore, regarding 1, Fuse et al. discloses the claimed invention (i.e. the edge is rounded with a radius of 1.5mm and a first conical surface width, w of 0.8  $\mu$ m), except the radius being less than 100nm and the width being 1-5  $\mu$ m. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the radius and the width depending on the size of the tool, cutting application and type of workpiece being machined, because it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fuse et al. (JP 10-43903A) in view of Jackson et al. (USP 5,523,071).

Fuse et al. teaches a diamond cutting tool provided with a mono crystalline diamond tip, as set forth in the above rejection.

However, Fuse et al. is silent about the lattice defect in the diamond crystal.

Jackson et al. teaches the process of relieving defects in the diamond lattice by annealing in a reducing atmosphere for a sufficient period of time and at a sufficient temperature and pressure thereby enhancing the toughness the diamond grains making

the grains less likely to fracture ('071, col. 3, lines 22-35). Please note, although Jackson et al. does not disclose the lattice defect in the crystal diamond being in the range of 100 µm, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to choose the lattice defect depending on the strength/toughness desired for the application, because it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to utilize an annealing process to select a desired lattice defect in the diamond crystal for Fuse et al.'s invention, as taught by Jackson et al. for the purpose of choosing a desired enhanced/tough diamond crystal.

### Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 2 and 3 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sara Addisu at (571) 272-6082. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am - 5 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Boyer Ashley can be reached on (571) 272-4502. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Sara Addisu/ Examiner, Art Unit 3722 8/27/08

/Boyer D. Ashley/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3724